

Synthesis of 1-(substituted phenyl)-2-phenyl-4-(2'-hydroxy-3'-iodo-5'-chlorobenzylidene)imidazol-5-ones

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The title compounds were prepared by treating a mixture of 5-oxazolone derivatives with substituted aromatic amines in the presence of a zeolite (Y-H) catalyst.

Imidazolones exhibit several pharmacological activities.^{1–4} Imidazolidinones have been reported to possess a potent CNS depressant activity. Some imidazoles and substituted imidazolones have been reported to possess monoamine oxidase (MAO) inhibitory and anticonvulsant activities.^{5,6} This observation prompted us to synthesise new 1-(substituted phenyl)-2-phenyl-4-(2'-hydroxy-3'-iodo-5'-chlorobenzylidene)imidazol-5-one by a new method.

Earlier, imidazolones **4** have been prepared by heating a mixture of 5-oxazolone derivative **3**[†] with aromatic amines in

the presence of pyridine for 10–15 h. The yield of imidazolones **4** was very low, and the reaction took a long time.^{7–9}

We synthesised new imidazolones **4**[‡] by the condensation of aromatic amines with compound **3** in the presence of zeolite (Y-H) (Scheme 1). The reaction took place in 3–5 h with excellent yields. The 5-oxazolone derivative (oxalactone) was prepared by the condensation of hippuric acid with 2-hydroxy-3-iodo-5-chlorobenzaldehyde in the presence of sodium acetate and acetic anhydride. The compounds were crystallised from ethanol and identified by elemental analysis and spectroscopic data.

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[‡] General procedure for the preparation of 1-(substituted phenyl)-2-phenyl-4-(2'-hydroxy-3'-iodo-5'-chlorobenzylidene)imidazole-5-one **4**: oxazolone **3** (10 mmol) was heated with an equimolar quantity of an aromatic amine in pyridine (10 mmol) with a zeolite (Y-H) catalyst in an oil bath at 150 °C for 3–5 h. The excess of pyridine was distilled off. The mixture was cooled and poured into crushed ice and HCl. The product was filtered off and crystallised from ethanol to give **4a–n**.

4a: yield 95%, mp 130 °C. ¹H NMR, δ : 6.9 (s, 1H, Ph-CH), 7.1–8.2 (m, 12H, Ar-H), 9.7 (s, 1H, Ar-OH). IR, ν /cm⁻¹: 1625–1610, 1615–1580, 1655–1635, 3680. Found (%): C, 52.72; H, 2.77; N, 5.55. Calc. for C₂₂H₁₄N₂O₂ClI (%): C, 52.77; H, 2.82; N, 5.59.

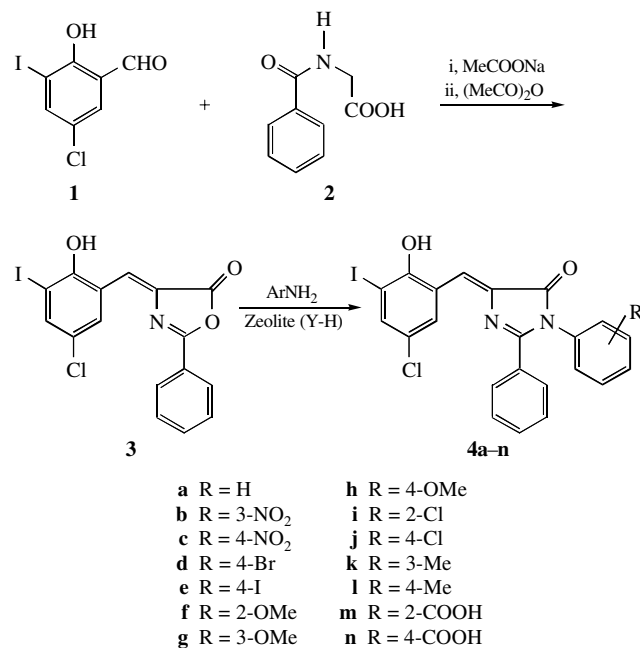
4b: yield 85%, mp 105 °C. ¹H NMR, δ : 6.7 (s, 1H, Ph-CH), 7.2–8.2 (m, 11H, Ar-H), 9.9 (s, 1H, Ar-OH). IR, ν /cm⁻¹: 1620–1610, 1615–1575, 1650–1635, 3680. Found (%): C, 48.38; H, 2.36; N, 7.65. Calc. for C₂₂H₁₃N₃O₄ClI (%): C, 48.42; H, 2.40; N, 7.70.

4c: yield 92%, mp 160 °C. ¹H NMR, δ : 6.9 (s, 1H, Ph-CH), 7.3–8.4 (m, 11H, Ar-H), 9.8 (s, 1H, Ar-OH). IR, ν /cm⁻¹: 1620–1615, 1618–1585, 1650–1635, 3675. Found (%): C, 48.40; H, 2.35; N, 7.66. Calc. for C₂₂H₁₃N₃O₄BrCl (%): C, 48.42; H, 2.40; N, 7.70.

4d: yield 98%, mp 145 °C. ¹H NMR, δ : 7.0 (s, 1H, Ph-CH), 7.0–8.2 (m, 11H, Ar-H), 9.7 (s, 1H, Ar-OH). IR, ν /cm⁻¹: 1625–1610, 1615–1585, 1650–1635, 3670. Found (%): C, 45.54; H, 2.22; N, 4.75. Calc. for C₂₂H₁₃N₃O₂BrICl (%): C, 45.59; H, 2.26; N, 4.83.

4e: yield 93%, mp 111 °C. ¹H NMR, δ : 6.8 (s, 1H, Ph-CH), 7.1–8.3 (m, 11H, Ar-H), 9.6 (s, 1H, Ar-OH). IR, ν /cm⁻¹: 1620–1610, 1620–1585, 1655–1630, 3690. Found (%): C, 42.12; H, 2.02; N, 4.43. Calc. for C₂₂H₁₃N₃O₂I₂Cl (%): C, 42.17; H, 2.09; N, 4.47.

4f: yield 90%, mp 118 °C. ¹H NMR, δ : 3.9 (s, 3H, OMe), 6.8 (s, 1H, Ph-CH), 7.2–8.4 (m, 11H, Ar-H), 9.9 (s, 1H, Ar-OH). IR, ν /cm⁻¹: 1630–1610, 1615–1580, 1665–1635, 3670. Found (%): C, 52.00; H, 2.98; N, 5.23. Calc. for C₂₃H₁₆N₂O₃ClI (%): C, 52.05; H, 3.04; N, 5.28.



Scheme 1

[†] Melting points (uncorrected) were determined in open capillary tubes. The purity of compounds was checked by TLC using silica gel G. The IR spectra in Nujol were recorded on a Perkin–Elmer 237 spectrophotometer. The ¹H NMR spectra in CDCl₃ were recorded on a Perkin–Elmer R-32 spectrometer using TMS as an internal standard.

General procedure for the preparation of 2-phenyl-4-(2'-hydroxy-3'-iodo-5'-chlorobenzylidene)oxazol-5-one **3**: 2-hydroxy-3-iodo-5-chlorobenzaldehyde (10 mmol), hippuric acid (10 mmol), acetic anhydride (30 mmol) and sodium acetate (10 mmol) were heated on an electric hot plate with continuously shaking in a conical flask. As soon as the mixture was liquified completely, the flask was heated in a water bath for 2 h. Ethanol (5 ml) was added slowly to the contents of the flask, and the mixture was allowed to stand overnight. The separated crystalline solid was filtered off and successively washed with ice-cold ethanol and hot water to obtain **3**; yield 347 mg (82%), mp 127 °C. ¹H NMR, δ : 6.8 (s, 1H, Ph-CH), 7.2–7.8 (m, 7H, Ar-H), 9.9 (s, 1H, Ar-OH). IR, ν /cm⁻¹: 1625–1605, 1610–1580, 1660–1650, 3720. Found (%): C, 48.45; H, 2.84; N, 3.32. Calc. for C₁₆H₉NO₃ClI (%): C, 48.48; H, 2.87; N, 3.33.

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4g: yield 89%, mp 95 °C. ¹H NMR, δ: 4.1 (s, 3H, OMe), 6.6 (s, 1H, Ph-CH), 7.0–8.5 (m, 11H, Ar-H), 9.5 (s, 1H, Ar-OH). IR, ν/cm⁻¹: 1620–1610, 1615–1575, 1655–1645, 3675. Found (%): C, 52.08; H, 2.95; N, 5.21. Calc. for C₂₃H₁₆N₂O₃ICl (%): C, 52.05; H, 3.04; N, 5.28.

4h: yield 95%, mp 135 °C. ¹H NMR, δ: 4.0 (s, 3H, OMe), 7.0 (s, 1H, Ph-CH), 7.3–8.3 (m, 11H, Ar-H), 9.9 (s, 1H, Ar-OH). IR, ν/cm⁻¹: 1625–1610, 1615–1580, 1655–1635, 3680. Found (%): C, 52.00; H, 3.01; N, 5.24. Calc. for C₂₃H₁₆N₂O₃ICl (%): C, 52.05; H, 3.04; N, 5.28.

4i: yield 86%, mp 121 °C. ¹H NMR, δ: 7.0 (s, 1H, Ph-CH), 7.4–8.4 (m, 11H, Ar-H), 9.7 (s, 1H, Ar-OH). IR, ν/cm⁻¹: 1625–1615, 1620–1580, 1645–1635, 3685. Found (%): C, 49.35; H, 2.40; N, 5.20. Calc. for C₂₂H₁₃N₂O₂ICl₂ (%): C, 49.38; H, 2.45; N, 5.23.

4j: yield 93%, mp 147 °C. ¹H NMR, δ: 6.9 (s, 1H, Ph-CH), 7.2–8.2 (m, 11H, Ar-H), 9.8 (s, 1H, Ar-OH). IR, ν/cm⁻¹: 1625–1610, 1615–1580, 1655–1635, 3680. Found (%): C, 49.33; H, 2.42; N, 5.18. Calc. for C₂₂H₁₃N₂O₂ICl₂ (%): C, 49.38; H, 2.45; N, 5.23.

4k: yield 97%, mp 127 °C. ¹H NMR, δ: 2.4 (s, 3H, Me), 6.6 (s, 1H, Ph-CH), 7.2–8.2 (m, 11H, Ar-H), 9.6 (s, 1H, Ar-OH). IR, ν/cm⁻¹: 1625–1615, 1620–1575, 1650–1635, 3690. Found (%): C, 53.64; H, 3.09; N, 5.88. Calc. for C₂₃H₁₆N₂O₂ICl (%): C, 53.67; H, 3.13; N, 5.94.

4l: yield 90%, mp 155 °C. ¹H NMR, δ: 2.3 (s, 3H, Me), 6.7 (s, 1H, Ph-CH), 7.2–8.0 (m, 11H, Ar-H), 9.7 (s, 1H, Ar-OH). IR, ν/cm⁻¹: 1625–1610, 1620–1580, 1655–1635, 3685. Found (%): C, 53.61; H, 3.08; N, 5.89. Calc. for C₂₃H₁₆N₂O₂ICl (%): C, 53.67; H, 3.13; N, 5.94.

4m: yield 85%, mp 170 °C. ¹H NMR, δ: 6.6 (s, 1H, Ph-CH), 7.2–8.3 (m, 11H, Ar-H), 9.8 (s, 1H, Ar-OH), 10.2 (s, 1H, COOH). IR, ν/cm⁻¹: 1625–1610, 1630–1580, 1655–1645, 2955–2670, 3685. Found (%): C, 50.66; H, 2.55; N, 5.10. Calc. for C₂₃H₁₄N₂O₄ICl (%): C, 50.71; H, 2.59; N, 5.14.

4n: yield 91%, mp 165 °C. ¹H NMR, δ: 6.8 (s, 1H, Ph-CH), 7.2–8.2 (m, 11H, Ar-H), 9.8 (s, 1H, Ar-OH), 10.5 (s, 1H, COOH). IR, ν/cm⁻¹: 1625–1610, 1635–1580, 1650–1645, 2975–2575, 3675. Found (%): C, 50.65; H, 2.53; N, 5.11. Calc. for C₂₃H₁₄N₂O₄ICl (%): C, 50.71; H, 2.59; N, 5.14.